

Name _____

Date _____

Count Indian Banknotes

Count the schematic Indian banknote teaching tokens and write the exact INR total. The ₹5 note is legacy-valid and still legal tender; ₹1000 is historical and no longer legal tender; ₹500 represents the current denomination.

1. Count every teaching item.



INR _____

2. Count every teaching item.



INR _____

Name _____

Date _____

Count Indian Banknotes

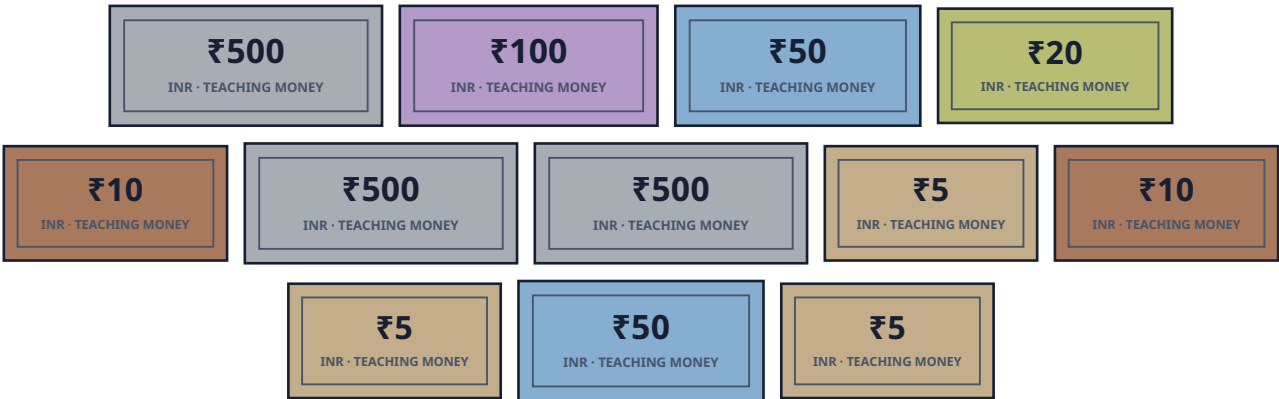
Count the schematic Indian banknote teaching tokens and write the exact INR total. The ₹5 note is legacy-valid and still legal tender; ₹1000 is historical and no longer legal tender; ₹500 represents the current denomination.

3. Count every teaching item.



INR _____

4. Count every teaching item.



INR _____

Name _____

Date _____

Count Indian Banknotes — Answer Key

Count the schematic Indian banknote teaching tokens and write the exact INR total. The ₹5 note is legacy-valid and still legal tender; ₹1000 is historical and no longer legal tender; ₹500 represents the current denomination.

1. Count every teaching item.



₹175.00

$2 \times ₹20 = ₹40.00$

$0 \times ₹500 = ₹0.00$

$1 \times ₹5 = ₹5.00$

$2 \times ₹50 = ₹100.00$

$3 \times ₹10 = ₹30.00$

$0 \times ₹100 = ₹0.00$

2. Count every teaching item.



₹1,570.00

$3 \times ₹20 = ₹60.00$

$3 \times ₹500 = ₹1,500.00$

$2 \times ₹5 = ₹10.00$

$0 \times ₹50 = ₹0.00$

$0 \times ₹10 = ₹0.00$

$0 \times ₹100 = ₹0.00$

Name _____

Date _____

Count Indian Banknotes — Answer Key

Count the schematic Indian banknote teaching tokens and write the exact INR total. The ₹5 note is legacy-valid and still legal tender; ₹1000 is historical and no longer legal tender; ₹500 represents the current denomination.

3. Count every teaching item.



₹1,320.00

$1 \times ₹20 = ₹20.00$

$2 \times ₹500 = ₹1,000.00$

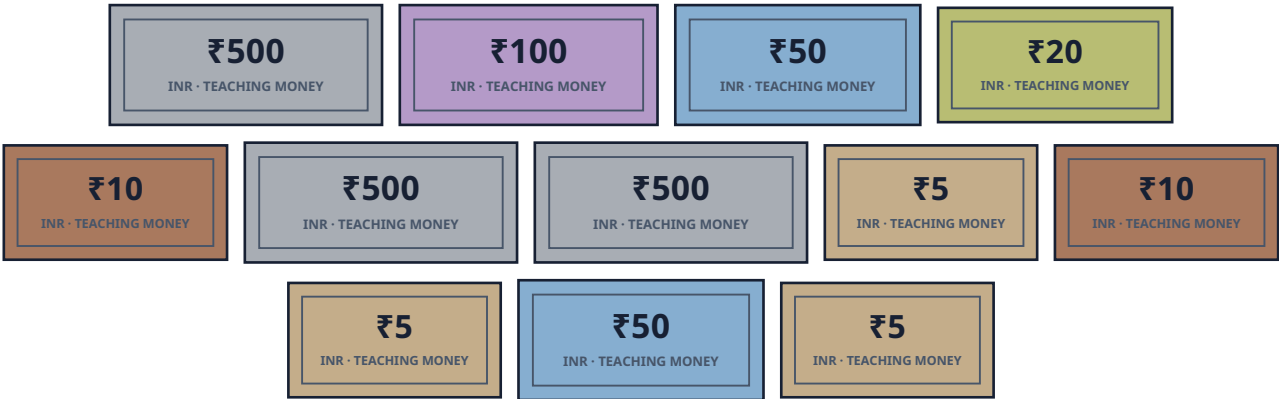
$0 \times ₹5 = ₹0.00$

$2 \times ₹50 = ₹100.00$

$0 \times ₹10 = ₹0.00$

$2 \times ₹100 = ₹200.00$

4. Count every teaching item.



₹1,755.00

$1 \times ₹20 = ₹20.00$

$3 \times ₹500 = ₹1,500.00$

$3 \times ₹5 = ₹15.00$

$2 \times ₹50 = ₹100.00$

$2 \times ₹10 = ₹20.00$

$1 \times ₹100 = ₹100.00$